



Properly Reviewing a Schedule

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Properly Reviewing a Schedule

Goals

- Confirm that schedule is reasonable and attainable
- Understand Contractor's Means & Methods
- Establish a good baseline for monitoring
- Verify durations
- Verify logic and sequencing
- Identify claims positioning issues
- Identify risks in schedule and assumptions
- Document concerns

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Schedule Review

Baseline Schedule Review

- Review Scheduling Specification
- Confirm Submittal Completeness
- Gain Familiarity with Project
- Import Schedule & Verify
- Review Schedule Architecture
- Review Schedule Construction
- Review Narrative
- Review Sequencing
- Evaluate Metrics & Statistics
- Perform Analysis
- Write Report



Review Scheduling Specification

- Section 01320 or 01.32.16
- Check Related Specifications Sections or Special Provisions
- Software requirements
- Data exchange requirements
- Master dictionaries/reports
 - Activity Code requirements
 - ID Coding requirements
- Preconstruction meeting
- Qualifications of scheduler
- Required submittal contents
- Owner mandated milestone treatment
- Float ownership

- CPM Network requirements
- Duration definitions & restrictions
- Initial schedule submission
- Full detailed project schedule (baseline) submission
- Schedule updates
- Delays & time extensions
 - Notification Requirements
- Early completion schedules
- Final as-built submittal
- Cost & Resource loading
- Narrative Requirements
- Prohibitions on manipulation

Schedule Specification





Alpha Corporation

SCHEDULING SPECIFICATION PRICING DATA FORM

-		LING OF LCII I	CALLOII I	KICING DAIA	· Ola i			
			CL	IENT INFORMATI	ON			
Client Na	me:	Tidewater Skansk	Date of Request:	03/22/06				
Client Addre		P.O. Box 57, Norf Military Highway)1 er.Road, Chesape	ake, .V.A		Pricing Due Date:	04/19/06
Contact Pers		Eric Reeves (Ref: VPA project)	Bab Ratz fro	Telephone:	7	57 578-4169	Type of Client:	GC
			PRO	DJECT INFORMAT	ION			
Project Name:	Pier	3 Replacement, N	AVFAC - P.o.	rtsmouth,.VA		Project No:	N40085-09	5-R-5008
Legal Name:	мсо	N Project P-391 R	eplace Pier :	3, Nor.folk Naval S	hipyard	Software Req'd.	Primavera	P3 or SureTrak
Description:	struc			concrete piles, fen rail, new restroom			Plans - P	aper CD 💆
Duration:	33/3	7 Months	Value:	~\$40M?	Size:	3 acres	Specs - P	aper CD 🗹
Spec Section:	0132	1 Spec Des	ription: N	etwork Analysis S	chedule (NAS) 08/04	LD's 💆	\$ 30,200 /Day
Spec Section:		Spec Des	ription:					
Spec Section:		Spec Des	ription:					

				Su	HEDUL	ING SERVI	ues .			
Тур	e of Service				D	etails & S	cheduli	ng Informatio	on	
Bio	Schedule:		# Activities:		Level	of Detail:				
	esentation ichedule:	7	# Activities:	Not specid	Level	of Detail:	~50 ac		t w/ client	information, use for
	are Baseline ichedule:	7	# Activities:		Level	of Detail:	~3,000	0 to 5.000 activ	ities, linea	r-type schedule
Prep	are Updates:	7	Frequency:	Mo.		lob Visits:	Full tin	ne, in contracto	or trailer	
Pre	pare TIA's:		Quantity:		Frag	net Sizes:				
	iew Baseline Schedule:		# Activities:		Level	of Detail:				
	riew Update chedules:		Frequency:			Job Visits:				
Re	view TIA's:		Quantity:		Frag	net Sizes:				
7	Training		Days:		#	Personnel		Training Do	cuments:	
Sche	dule Details	₹ (Cost Loading	7	ACOE	/Navy Stds	v	Electronic C	Сору	Weekly Meetings
		~	Resource Loadin	g 🗆	Priva	te Standard	ls [Paper Repo	rts 🖺	EV Reports
				SCHEE	DULER (QUALIFICA	TIONS			
40	Hours/Week	~6	Years Experi	ence	No	Security (Classific	ation	Notes:	
Certif		ureTra 3eC	ak or P3		Full t	ime position	n, resou	rce loading in t	.og Notes.	

- Use a checklist to capture specification requirements
- Identify time allowed for review and response

Decimal decide to Alexander



Gain Familiarity with Project

- Review Plans & Specifications
- Review specialty specs like DOT Bridge & Road Manual
- Visit job site
- Review construction methodology or unusual techniques
- Bring in expertise if necessary



Confirm Submittal Completeness

- Compare to schedule specification requirements
- Notify Contractor immediately if not complete
- Do not start review until submittal is complete
- Typical missing items:
 - Schedule Narrative
 - Electronic File
 - Explanation of Calendars, Lags, Activity Codes, Constraints, Resources, Costs
 - Milestones and Milestone definitions
- Consider two part review if costs or resources are missing



Import Schedule & Verify

- Keep original submittal file, make copy to review
- Should review in original software if possible
- Recognize that there are issues with import in many software packages
- Develop checklist to identify potential import issues
- Example Primavera P3 to P5 import :
 - In P3, Lags are driven by Predecessor Calendar
 - In P5, Lags can be driven by choice of Calendars
 - Default P5 setting to drive Lags is not the Predecessor Calendar
- Must verify that imported schedule used to analyze is identical to original submitted schedule



Develop a checklist for reviews

Review of Baseline Cons Schedule			tion	Project Title: Client: Alpha Corporation Analyst:	Name of Project Name of Client Name of Schedule Reviewer		
PST REE			Associated Report Title	General Review Notes	Results & Comments for Specific Project		
1	Specification Review: Check specifications for requirements on:			Take note of these requirements to compare during Architecture and Feasibility Reviews.			
а	Use of the Critical Path Method Is it required at all? What is the definition, is it LP or a			Prefer LP when any constraints in schedule. LP and Zero Total Float, when no constraints in schedule,			
b	maximum float value? Le vel of Detail Required			should result in same CP.			
c	Total Number of Activities Required			Is there any definition of types of minimum number of activities required (only work activities, only fixed & resource-driven duration activities)?			
C	Restriction of Activity Duration			Normally no activity duration over 20 workdays, or longer than one update oxde.			
d	Activities and Codes						
1	Design and Permit Activities						
2	Procurement Activities						
3	Critical Activities						
4	Owner Activities						
	Review & Approval Activities						
6	Responsibility Codes						
7	Work Areas Codes						
8	Modification or Claim Number Format						
9	Bid Item Codes						



- Review Schedule Architecture
 - Check Schedule Rules & Settings
 - Recalculate Schedule
 - Review Organizational Tools
- Review Schedule Construction
 - Evaluate Activities
 - Review Logic
 - Evaluate Critical Path



Review Schedule Architecture

- Check Schedule Rules & Settings
 - Retained Logic vs. Progress Override
 - Won't affect Baseline, but could cause optimistic predictions during updates
 - Resource and Cost rules
 - Estimate to Complete setting might allow Estimate at Completion to change
 - Understand all settings and how they affect Earned Value & reports
 - Identify how Critical Path is calculated
 - Longest Path
 - Total Float value



Review Schedule Architecture

- Recalculate Schedule, ensure no change
- Check NTP and Completion dates
- Check all interim Milestone dates
- Review Organizational Tools
 - Review Activity Code Dictionaries
 - Review Resource Code Dictionaries
 - Review Calendars
 - Review WBS



- Evaluate Activities
 - Sort by Activity Description
 - For good guidelines, see AACE publication No. 23R-02, Recommended Practice for Identification of Activities
 - See if descriptions are consistent and unique
 - Ensure all items that could delay project are represented by activities, such as procurement and other admin work
 - Compare descriptions for reasonable and comparable Original Durations
 - Confirm that descriptions capture full scope of work
 - Sort by Original Duration
 - Check for specification maximum times
 - Check for reasonable ODs



- Review Logic
 - See AACE publication No. 24R-03, Recommended Practice for Developing Activity Logic for guidelines
 - Check open-ended relationships
 - Should only be two; start and end
 - Reduces accuracy of network calculations
 - Watch for "dangling" activities: SS or FS with negative Lag which leave Predecessor open-ended upon updates
 - Evaluate relationships
 - Check on all Lags
 - Filter by trade, check same-trade relationships
 - Filter by Contractor, check those relationships



- Evaluate Critical Path
 - Is it reasonable and customary?
 - Does it start at beginning of project and run to completion?
 - Does it have an appropriate level of detail?
 - Are there manipulations driving the Critical Path?
 - Float sequestering where everything is critical
 - Manipulation where Critical Path runs inappropriately through all owner responsibilities
 - Critical Path is the only highly detailed string of activities in the project
 - Nothing is critical due to heavy constraint use
 - Numerous lags, perhaps not identified, inserted in the Critical Path, forcing it through specific activities
 - Is there weather planning included in Critical Path activities or will any adverse weather cause slippage?



- Evaluate Near Critical Paths
 - How much work is just off Critical Path?
 - Check Longest Path and lowest Total Float paths (Recommend review of TF < ½ Reporting Period)
- Sort by Total Float
 - Check reasonableness of high float items
 - Is there a consistent range of TF?
 - Lots of high TF activities means underdeveloped logic
 - All low TF suggests inappropriate logic
- Sort by Late Start
 - This is the worst case expectation of work flow
 - Start at end of schedule & see if reasonable
 - Organize by Late Start, Order Week Ascending, see if the amount of work planned each week is possible
 - Check trade stacking, can they fit into spaces?



- Sort by Early Start
 - Organize by Early Start, Order Week Ascending, again see if the amount of work planned each week is reasonable
 - Are there trades stacking up?
- Organize by Early Start, Sort by Late Start
 - Summarize to Early Start, review overlaps between weeks
 - Specifically review strong overlaps (points out missing relationships)
 - Helps focus on small segments of project working concurrently



Review Schedule Construction

Review resources

- Check for resource "soft" logic used to control flow of manpower from area to area
- Schedules without reasonable soft logic will likely show lots of high Total Float values
- Overuse of soft logic can sequester Total Float and force Critical Path
- Durations should be resource-based; that is calculated by production rate x quantity, so resource planning must be taken into account



Review Written Narrative

- At a minimum, Narrative should identify sequence and work flow
- Identify phasing
- Provide the Area Designation Plan
- Summary of the work
- Explain plan for construction
- Identify potential problems or risks
- Summarize the Critical Path; does it match the schedule?
- Identify all Milestones
- Explain schedule components:
 - Activity ID Coding, Activity Coding, Resources, Lags, Constraints, unusual logic relationships
- Adverse weather planning



Review Sequencing

- Use Narrative as guide
- Check for missing Activity Codes that may not include work in sequences
- Choose layout with sequencing
- Compare to specification requirements
- Summarize to sequences, then drill into each sequence
- Check reasonableness of logic
- Check overlap of sequences
- Check other layouts



Generate Metrics

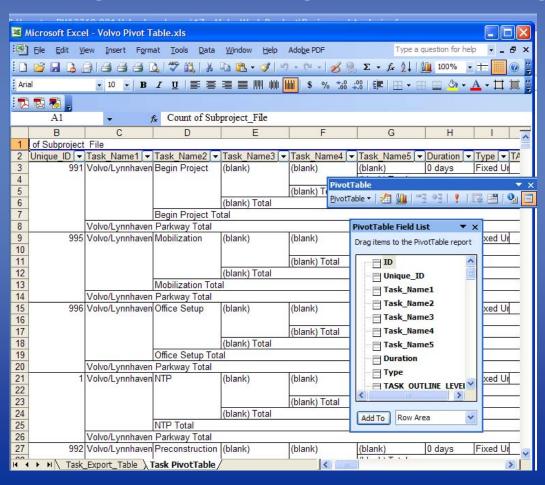
- Counts
 - Activities by type (procurement, construction, Owner responsibilities)
 - Activities by trade (Section number, work package)
 - Activities on Longest Path
 - Relationships
 - Total by types
 - Lags
 - Constraints
- Verify appropriate & consistent level of detail



- Data retrieval from schedule
 - Develop data crunching methodologies
 - Master layouts with filters
 - Export filters to export to Excel or Lotus
 - Standard Pivot tables
 - Input/output worksheet spreadsheets
 - Graphical depictions for reasonableness
 - Histogram distributions
 - Tables
 - Charts



 Use Pivot Tables or other data collecting & collating methodologies



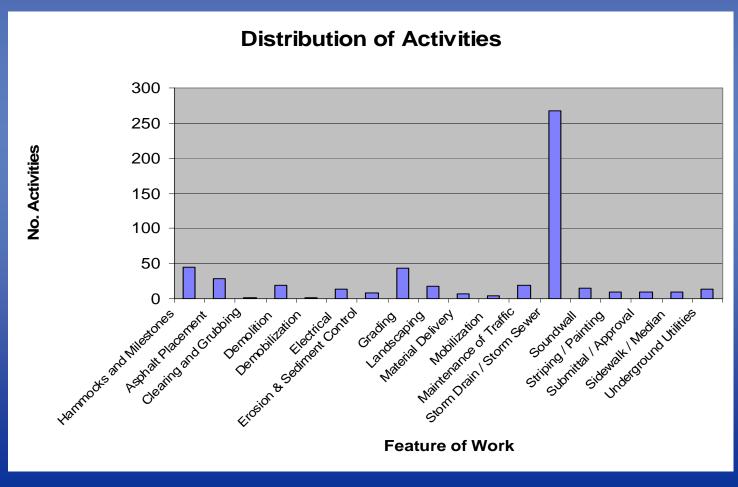


Generate Statistics

- Recommend use of Pivot Tables
- Use statistics to identify inconsistencies
 - Ratio work/non-work activities
 - Ratio trade work
 - Ratio durations (helps spot partial overdevelopment)
 - Ratio work in each sequence
 - Percentage of activities on Longest Path and Near Critical Paths



Histogram of Activity Work Scope (showing out of proportion detail in trade activities)





Perform Analysis

- Review types of constraints
- Remove constraints, one by one
- Look at results with each removal and identify effects
- Evaluate total number of constraints
 - Date constraints; should be minimum and only those dictated by Owner
 - Don't allow mandatory constraints which sequester float
 - Logic constraints; watch for float removal constraints like Zero Total or Free Float
 - Network should be logic driven, not constraint driven
- Constraints can cause multiple Critical Paths
 - Requires analysis of each path in baseline and updates

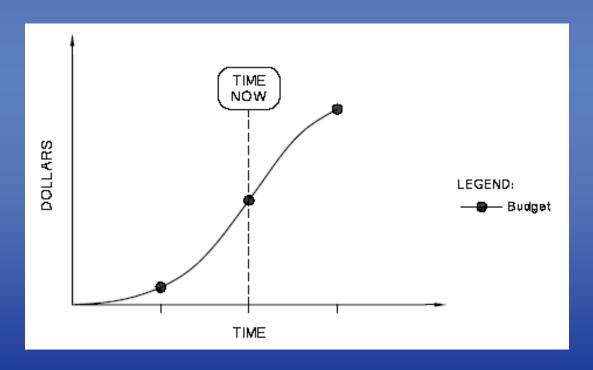


Perform Analysis

- With Cost Loading, use Earned Value
 - Review S-Curve for reasonableness
 - Don't use Banana Curves, the Late Start curve provides a deceptive lower performance range
 - Remember that this sets the baseline for monitoring the progress



- Review shape of Earned Value S-Curve (BCWS)
 - Might point out front-end loading or unreasonable plan
 - May show too aggressive expectations for billing





Write Report

- Organize checklist to match report
- Provide Executive Summary
- Provide recommendations for Best Practices improvement in schedule
- Provide Deficiency List
- Require response to Deficiency List
- Do not dictate means and methods
- Keep report professional without addressing assumed motivation for schedule features
 - Don't say, "Use of so many constraints is clearly a devious attempt to pervert Critical Path"

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- General process similar to Baseline
 - Review Scheduling Specification
 - Review Plans & Specifications
 - Confirm Submittal Completeness
 - Import Schedule & Verify
 - Data Validation
 - Review Schedule Architecture
 - Review Schedule Construction
 - Review Narrative
 - Review Sequencing
 - Evaluate Statistics
 - Write Report

CMAA

- Update Schedule Review
 - Same steps as Baseline Review
 - Review Scheduling Specification
 - Review Plans & Specifications
 - Confirm Submittal Completeness
 - Import Schedule & Verify
 - Data Validation must be done with each update
 - Same steps as Baseline Review
 - Review Schedule Architecture
 - Review Schedule Construction
 - Review Narrative



- Data Validation
 - Field information should have been kept on a daily basis
 - Verify Actual Start Dates
 - Verify Actual Finish Dates
 - Verify Predicted Finish for any activity started but not finished
 - Verify Percent Complete if schedule is cost loaded
 - Prefer Remaining Duration, not Percent Complete, for time reporting
 - Superintendents generally cannot provide accurate Percent Complete
 - Data validation is very important



- Data Validation
 - Office information
 - Watch status of buyout process; purchase orders & subcontracts – what is not bought out
 - Verify Submittal & Approval status
 - Verify status of administrative tasks
 - Utility paperwork status
 - Permits site, building, right-of-way, Health Department
 - · Environmental releases, etc.
 - Verify status of materials fabrication and order time "Lead Time" – this is an area where schedule manipulation can occur



- Data Validation
 - Owner information
 - Independently verify status of Owner controlled activities
 - Owner utility applications & progress
 - Electricity
 - Gas service
 - Water & sewer
 - Telephone
 - Cable or data
 - Security system
 - Delivery dates for Owner furnished equipment
 - Other Owner contractual work
 - Verify coordination with Owner work



- Calculate Schedule
 - Ensure software setting is Retained Logic
 - Verify Data Date is correct date
 - Calculate schedule
- Check for Out-of-Sequence Work
 - Change setting temporarily to Progress Override
 - If the completion date changes significantly, then there
 is a lot of out-of-sequence work needing correcting
 - If minimal change, no significant out-of-sequence work
 - Change the setting <u>back</u> to Retained Logic (default)



- Prepare for Schedule Analysis
 - Use standard Layout with comparison to last update
 - Check for slippage in Substantial Completion date or Milestones
 - If no slippage, project predicts on time completion
 - Perform standard analysis, use standard reports and publish
 - If slippage, will need additional analysis of slipped schedule



- Standard Schedule Analysis (On-Time Completion)
 - Three basic components to monitor
 - Critical Path progress
 - Slippage will directly delay work
 - Near Critical progress
 - Slippage could easily overtake Critical Path and delay work
 - Non-Critical ("mass volume") work
 - Lack of progress will cause trade stacking and overcrowding of work space at a later date
 - Could easily allow too much work for areas available
 - Good place to use Earned Value for monitoring
 - Can use Float Dissipation to monitor
 - Can use other methods to monitor

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- Standard Schedule Analysis (On-Time Completion)
 - Two types of paths to watch
 - Critical Path to end of project (Substantial Completion)
 - Critical Path to Interim Milestones
 - Critical Path to end of project
 - Ideally use Longest Path
 - Monitor minimum Total Float value Critical Path as well
 - Critical Paths to Interim Milestones
 - One path per each Milestone to watch
 - This can be time consuming, but necessary
 - Slippage in interim Milestones and achieving final Milestone can be basis for acceleration claims



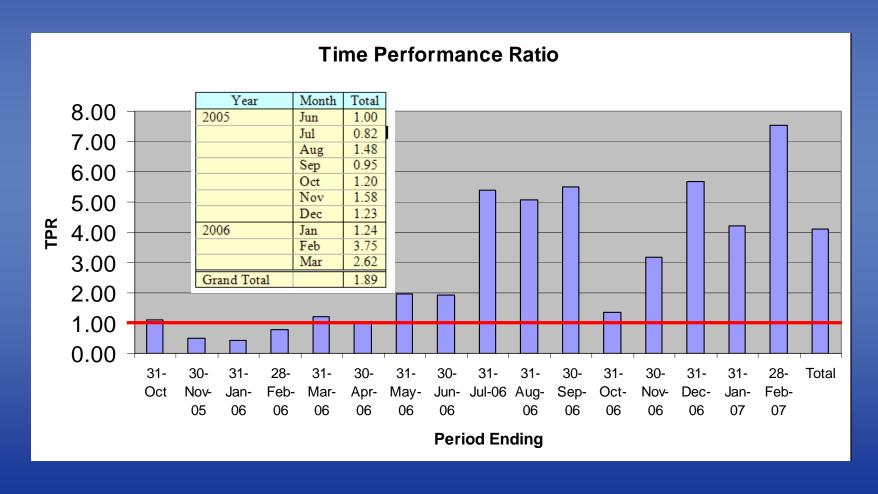
- Standard Schedule Analysis (On-Time Completion)
 - Identify current period Critical Path (Longest Path)
 - Identify current period Near-Critical activities
 - Identify Milestones to review
 - Owner mandated only
 - Watch particularly for Milestones with Liquidated Damages
 - Identify historical trends and statistics (mass volume)
 - Graphics are powerful in the report
 - Identify resource problems or concerns
 - Identify risks, either continuing or new



- Historical Comparisons & Statistics
 - ◆ Run Tipper (TPR) reports
 - ◆ Run Total Float dissipation (Erosion of Float) reports
 - Run Free Float dissipation reports (monitors disruption)
 - Review Out-of-Sequence work by trade
 - Which trade is causing most out-of-sequence work?
 - Are they working out-of-sequence due to other trade failures to complete?
 - Or working in open areas without regard for planning?
 - Run Resource reports
 - Are appropriate resources working?
 - Check against Tipper reports



Review (TPR) Time Performance Ratio trending (AD/OD)





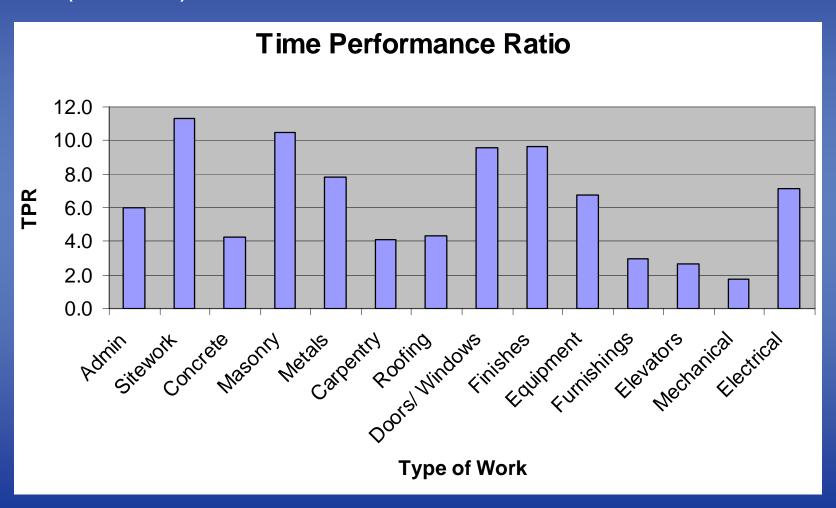
Review (TPR) Time Performance Ratio trending by Milestone by Responsible Contractor (AD/OD)

Table #3a, TPR Responsibility Summary

Milestone	HB.	HBRC	HRU	TCD	WCE	WM	Grand Total
1	0.78	3.00	30.00	1.00	2.30		4.49
3	1.77		10.75				8.51
4	1.67		1.00	0.83			1.03
5	5.83			0.50		1.00	2.33
70	0.86	1.00			1.00		0.99
90			1.00				1.00
7A	8.40	0.15	1.20	1.45			1.87
7B	3.96	0.05	1.40				2.67
7C	2.01	0.05	1.33				1.48
7 D	4.27		0.78				2.52
7 E	2.55						2.55
8A	5.60						5.60
8B	4.19						4.19
9A			2.70	1.71			2.32
9B				1.01			1.01
Grand Total	3.55	0.97	2.84	1.23	1.26	1.00	1.84

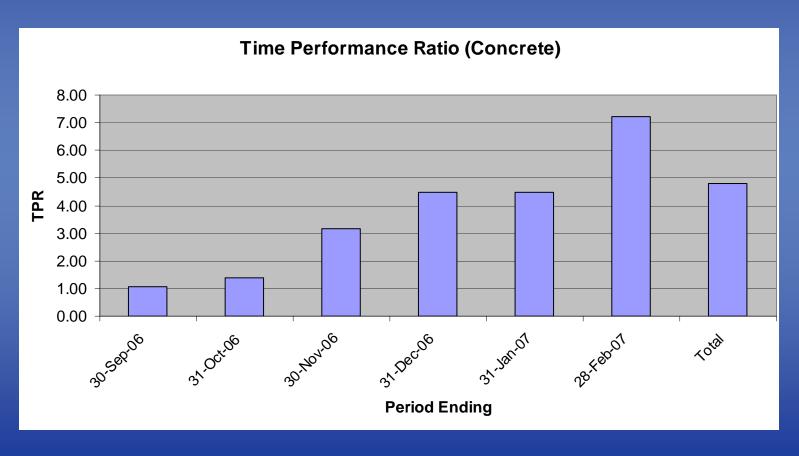


Review (TPR) Time Performance Ratio per trade (AD/OD)



Update Schedule Review UNIVERSITY

Review (TPR) Time Performance Ratio trending by trade (AD/OD)



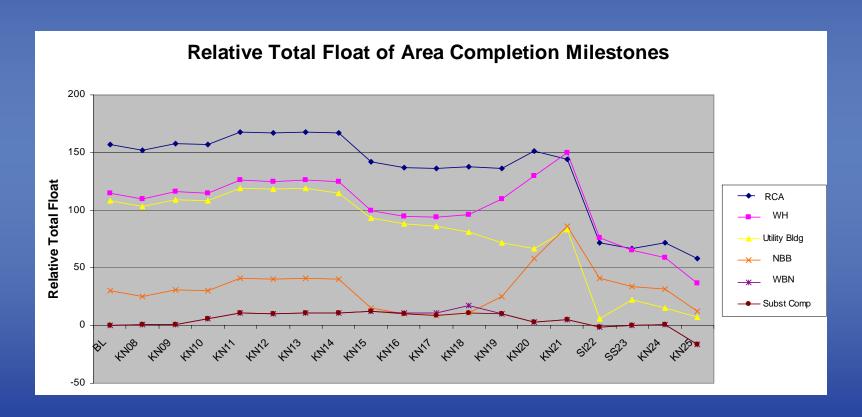
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Trade Monitoring by Crew – no resource loading available, load single crew resources into activities

	AMP Terminals Yard Project Resource Comparison - Planned vs. Actual														
	Planned Resources									Actual Resources					
	Date	Crew 1 Cut/Fill	Crew 2 Grade	Stone	Pave	Surface Pave	Striping	Total Crews Scheduled	English Crews Onsite	Higgerson Buchanan Crews Onsite	Crews		Total Crews Onsite	Manpower Over (+) / Under (-)	
	1-Mar	3	5	3	3			14					0		
	2-Mar	2	2	3	2			9	2	4			6	-3	
	3-Mar	3	3	3	3			12		2	3		5	-7	
	4-Mar	3	2	3	1			9	8	1			9	0	
	5-Mar	3	2	3	2			10					0		
	6-Mar	3	2	2	3			10					0		
D	7-Mar	3	2	2	3			10					0		
7	22-Jun					1	2	3					0		
8	23-Jun					2	2	4					0		
9	24-Jun					2	2	4					0		
0	25-Jun					2	3	5					0		
1	26-Jun					2	2	4					0		
2	27-Jun					1	2	3					0		
3	28-Jun						2	2					0		
4	29-Jun						2	2					0		
5	5 A Negative Number Indicates Insufficient Resources								Over (+) or Under (-) Staffed					-10	

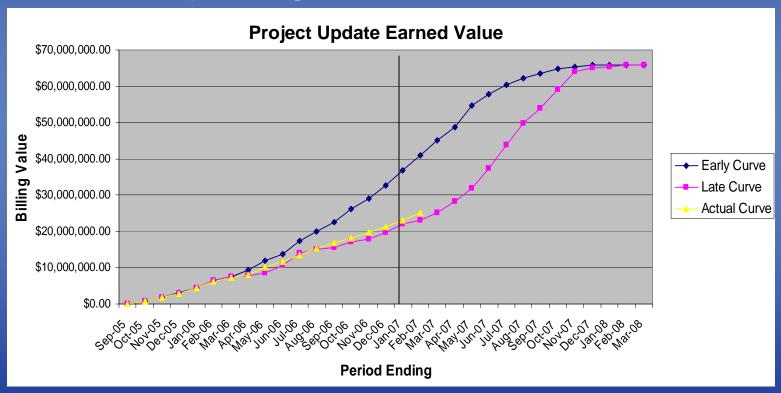
Update Schedule Review UNIVERSI

- Watch erosion of float, do not let it continue
 - Print by trade when assessing available resources



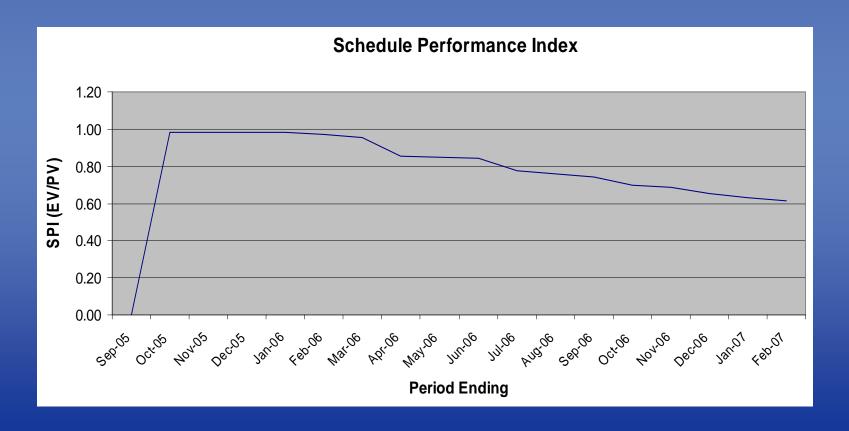


- Earned Value Management Reporting
 - Earned Value and Actual Costs
 - Compared against Planned Value



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- Earned Value Management Reporting
 - SPI and CPI metrics
 - Watch trending





- Schedule Analysis Sequencing Review
 - Set up a Layout for Sequence
 - Group by Phase or Location
 - Look for out-of-sequence work by trade
 - Summarize to Phase
 - Neck for non-work periods
 - Review the sequence shown by the summary bars
 - Set up a Layout for Responsibility
 - Group by Responsibility
 - Summarize to Responsibility
 - Neck for non-work periods
 - Review trade workload



- Schedule Analysis Constructability
 - Set up a Layout for weekly work
 - Group by Early Start
 - Order by Week
 - Sort by ES, EF, TF
 - Zoom in to weekly week
 - Set Major Vertical Sight Lines to one week
 - Expose column for Responsibility and Location
 - Review work to be done weekly over the next few months for reasonableness



- Schedule Analysis (Slipped Completion)
 - If slippage is due to the Owner, then a time extension is owed to the Contractor
 - If slippage is due to the Contractor or his Subcontractors, then the Contractor owes the Owner a Recovery Schedule
 - If the Owner causes a delay and the Sub or GC causes a concurrent delay, then a time extension is owed to the Contractor with no costs; and no recovery schedule required
 - Understand excusable/inexcusable and compensable/non-compensable time
 - Clean up all Owner caused delays each period



- Schedule Analysis (Slipped Completion)
 - Identify previous period Critical Path (Longest Path)
 - Use layout to compare against current schedule
 - Identify current Critical Path & changes from previous
 - Identify which activities slipped and drove progress
 - Causal Activities drive progress
 - Identify Start Gain or Loss
 - Identify Production Gain or Loss
 - Identify specific Causal Activity or Activities for delay
 - Develop process for dealing with slipped completion before needed



- Schedule Analysis (Slipped Completion)
 - Quantify start and production changes for each causal activity by working from the beginning of the period, using a standard layout with current baseline as schedule target
 - Verify the totals
 - Research the issues that caused the changes to the causal activities
 - Interview Owner project admin team
 - Review project documents; issue files, minutes,
 RFI/submittal logs, field reports, photographs
 - This research is usually a discussion about reasonably current problems – quick, painless, and easy



- Schedule Analysis (Slipped Completion)
 - Identify the Driving Issues that Affect the Causal Activities
 - Assess Responsibility for Driving Issues
 - Review Concurrency of Driving Issues
 — Can Be Delay and/or Acceleration/Mitigation
 - Work Through Concurrent Driving Issues from the Beginning of the Period, Identifying first driving issue, establishing any concurrency with next driving issue
 - Perform a Careful Concurrent Delay Analysis, Record in Clear Graphical Format
 - Assign Responsibilities for All Driving Concurrent Delays



- Schedule Analysis (Slipped Completion)
 - If Contractor team is responsible for any driving delays, or portions of Concurrent Delay, recovery schedule is required
 - Predetermine how much slippage is allowed before requiring a recovery schedule
 - Request recovery schedule immediately
 - If Owner is Responsible for Any Driving Delays, or Portions of Concurrent Delay
 - Discuss with Owner
 - Request Time Impact Analysis from Contractor
 - Collaborate and determine best approach; Owner Mitigation, paid Contractor Mitigation, or Time Extension

Update Schedule Review UNIVERSIT

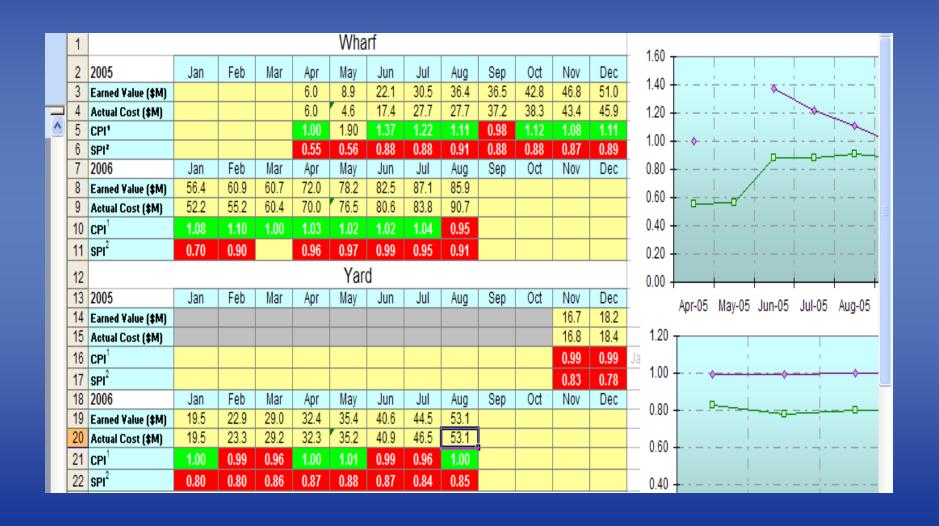


Report should include general status summaries:

APMT Dash	board								10/7/200		
			Sc	hedu	le Sta	tus					
Project	P	Status			NTP	Contract Finish	Early Finish	Contract Time Expired			
Dredge	Construction	1 50%	Ahead	28	CD	5/4/2005	1/16/2006	12/19/2005	57.4%		
Wharf	Construction	1 39%	Behind	34	CD	11/29/2004	11/18/2006	12/22/2006	42.2%		
Yard	Construction	1 5%	On Time			7/11/2005	7/30/2007	7/30/2007	10.6%		
Off Site Road	Design Build		On Time			8/1/2005	1/15/2007	1/15/2007	11.0%		
Wetlands	Design Com		N/A			N/A					
Dominion	Design - Var	ious	N/A			N/A					
Buildings	Design		N/A			N/A					
On Site Rail	Design - Co		N/A			N/A					
Off Site Rail	Design - Co	ncept	N/A			N/A					
			C	urren	t Issu	es					
Project	Date	Desci	ription	TF			Notes		BIC		
Wharf	7/13/2005	#18 Tierods	N/A	couplings	Cold galvanizing of tierod threads has clogged threads preventing couplings from being attached. Mot critical						
Wharf	7/15/2005	HZ bulkhead deflection by		?	Design correction completed. Contractor given NTP. Schedule affects CH2MHILI will be assessed when 36° piles (A-F) must stop due to repair operation.						
Wharf	8/1/2005	HZ bulkhead	252 - 437	N/A	Shear studs missing (see non-compliance notices) We Not critical						
Wharf	8/3/2005	Concrete pile	damage	-15	First 3 dr Weeks.	s from Weeks					
Wharf	8/17/2005	Concrete pile	out of tol.	N/A	Joints be	critical Weeks					
			Open No	n-con	nolian	ce Notice					
Project	Date	Ti	tle	TF			Notes		BIC		
Wharf	6/23/2005	Submittal Sch	Submittal Schedule			Submittal schedule not providedas required by specifications					
Wharf	6/23/2005		Holes cut in AZ-18 piles			Holes cut to allow water drainage during jetting operations					
Wharf	8/1/2005		Improper handling waters			Unloading without protection causing surface coat scratches					
Wharf	8/2/2005		AZ-18 w/o shear studs			AZ-18's statibed w/o shear studs					
Wharf	8/4/2005	AZ-18 w/o sh	N/A	AZ-18's t	Weeks						
Wharf	9/17/2005	Out of toleran		N/A	Joint offsets greater than 1/4"						
Wharf	8/18/2005	Improper han		N/A	Scratche	Weeks					
Wharf	8/22/2005	Out of toleran	N/A	Joint offs	Weeks						
		RFIS	ar so pine					nittals	1100113		
Project	Open	Closed	Avg Time	Out		Project	Open	Reviewed	Avg Time Out		
Wharf	9	55	rag inne	· out	Wharf	Toject	34	186	43.4		
Yard	4	14			Yard		10	37	22.4		
raro Buildings		1 0			Buildin	200	0	0	0.0		
On Site Rail	0	, o			On Site		0	0	0.0		

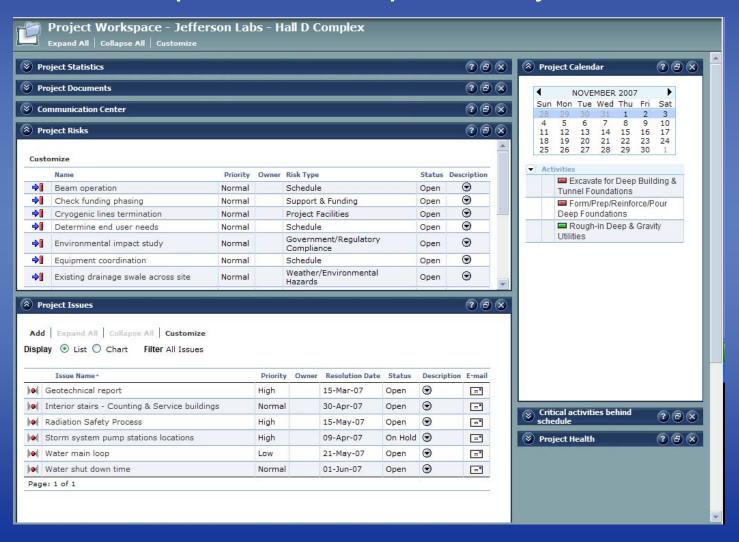


Include Earned Value metrics in report



Update Schedule Review UNIVERSITY

Customized reports – Enterprise - myPrimavera





Review - Standard Reporting Format

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Schedule Review Comments

- Review provides claims avoidance opportunities
- Review identifies risks
- Always request recovery schedule when Contractor has slipped completion of any milestone
- Always resolve Owner caused delays to limit exposure to constructive acceleration delays
- Be reasonable, goal is to get a good schedule in place and update regularly
- Do not be confrontational or judgmental in report
- Watch trending of work slippage
- Owner should support report recommendations
- Provide a clear Discrepancy List necessary for Contractor to correct





Questions? Properly Reviewing a Schedule

March 20, 2008

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